Land-Just Transitions: Citizen Opposition to Renewable Grabbing in the EU

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14.30-16.30
GMT+1

Just Transitions for Worthy Lives:

Beyond Fossil and Green Colonialism

ONLINE
TOOM EVENT
ZOOM EVENT







Accelerating our Energy Transitions

- EU Target: Net zero by 2050, 55% emissions reduction by 2030
- Legislative reforms to expedite planning processes (eg France)
- Concerns: Equitable land access under SDG 1.4

What about land?

- Global land rush post-2008-09 crises persists
- Just transition approaches overlook the land question
- Objective of the research project:
 - Draw attention to land justice and contentious land politics in energy transition planning
 - Explore and operationalise the concept of "Land-Just Transition"





Brussels, 21 January 2015

OPINION

of the

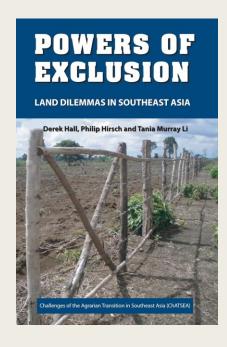
European Economic and Social Committee

on

Land grabbing - a warning for Europe and a threat to family farming

(own-initiative opinion)

Rapporteur: Kaul Nurm



Renewable Grabbing in the EU

- Increasing patterns of farmland privatization and concentration in the EU
- Formalised land rights + social and political rights: less risks of extra-economic coercion
- But multiple "powers of exclusion" intersect: regulation, force, the market, legitimation (Hall, Hirsch and Li 2011)
- Market-led green transitions raise land value, excluding smallholders

Citizen Opposition to Renewable Energy Planning

- Broad societal support for renewables but high levels of local opposition on the ground
- Not only NIMBY, but also broader concern (biodiversity, localized food systems, landscape integrity, community wellbeing)-Vast literature
- Two other important issues they draw our attention to:
 - Unequal distribution of the environmental effort
 - Alternative pathways to sustainability transitions (vs market-driven, largescale climate action)



Conflict Transformation Approach

- View local opposition as constructive forces of proposition, not obstacles
- Alternative frameworks (degrowth, agroecology, food sovereignty) and deliberative democracy
- Community-led vs profit-driven green transitions-
- Just transformations vs Just Transitions



"Energy By and For Citizens" Cinema-debatesworkshops-site visits







DES PANNEAUX SUR NOS HANGARS, PAS SUR NOS HECTARES

> "SOLAR PANELS ON OUR BARNS, NOT ON OUR HECTARES'





FIELDSITE: Gers, Occitanie Region (France) Strong agricultural economy (70% of land) with rising solar and biogaz projects

Occitanie region aims to be first 'positive energy region' in Europe



Gers : un vent de fronde dans le département contre l'agrivoltaïsme et la méthanisation

ABONNÉS



Une délégation a rencontré de la directrice de cabinet du préfet, Julie David. DDM - NEDIR DEBBICHE

ETHNOGRAPHY

What alternative "land-just transition visions" are expressed, how and by whom? Which injustices of renewable energy planning processes do they address? What are their transformative potential?

Active resistance to the multiplication of photovoltaic and agrivoltaïc projects

Coalition of diverse actors (farmers' trade unions, environmental organisations, neighbours)

Agrivoltaïsm: farming community divided _____

JUSTLANDING RESEARCH PROPOSAL

Mathilde Gingembre-PhD (Supervisor: Prof. Massimo de Marchi, UNIPD) Submited to Marie-Curie Postdoctoral Fellowships Call 2024-2025



Method: Cross - case study of



SO2: IDENTIFY AND MAP THE DIVERSITY OF SOCIETY'S "LAND-JUST TRANSITION VISIONS" (LJTV)

Method: Q-Methodology



Method: Ethnography



SO4: IDENTIFY THE MECHANISMS BY WHICH LOCAL POLITICS OF RENEWABLE ENERGY PLANNING AFFECT LAND JUSTICE

Method: Empirical Environmental Justice Analysis



Illustrations by Sofiya Voznaya

Concluding Thoughts

- Goal: Identify injustices in renewable energy planning
- Propose: Operationalize 'land-just transitions' concept and advance conceptualisation of land justice for European context
- Ensure: Energy transition respects right to equitable land access (SDG 1.4)